

The Magnificence of the Easter Event

Luke 24:13-27

Introduction

1. Big picture of the Bible: The nature of the Bible
2. Big picture of the Bible; The structure of the Bible
3. Big picture of the Bible: The nature of God's promises (Gen.3:15; 12:3b; 17:6,16; 35:11; 2Sam.7:12b,13,14,16; 1Chron.17:11-14)
 1. The "eternal covenant (promise) of redemption" (Jn.17:1-12; Rom.8:29-30; Eph.1:4-5,11; 2Tim.1:8-10)
 2. The promise made by God to Satan in Gen.3:15 of a future great King, is the beginning of the outworking, of the "eternal plan of salvation"
 3. God chose a particular family through whom to work, that of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob (the Patriarchs) (Gen.12:3)
 4. Through the patriarchs (Gen.17:6; 35:11)
 5. From one of Jacob's 12 sons (i.e. Judah) a supernatural king would come (Gen.49:8,10)
 7. Nathan the prophet's prophecy to King David (of the tribe of Judah) (2Sam.7:12b-14a,16)
 8. Combining Ps.2 and 2Sam.7:12b-14,16
 1. The Davidic king will be called God's son (2Sam.7:14; Ps.2:7)
 2. The "son" envisaged here, is far greater than any of the Davidic kings, for,
 1. The Davidic king will reign over an eternal Kingdom (2Sam.7:13,16)
 2. The Davidic king will rule not just a nation, but the world (Ps.2:8)
 3. The Davidic king will exercise supernatural power to overcome his enemies (Ps.2:9)
 4. The Davidic king is the only refuge from wrath, for the world (Ps.2:12)
 1. "Kiss the Son, lest he be angry, and you perish in the way" (Ps.2:12a)
 2. "Blessed are all who take refuge in Him" (Ps.2:12b)
4. Fulfillment in the NT
 1. Matthews genealogy: David's greater Son (Matt.1:1)

2. The virgin birth of Jesus: Jesus, fully God and fully man (Matt.1:20ff; Is.7:14)
 3. The angel's words to Mary: Jesus the Son and eternal King (Lk.1:31-33)
 4. The baptism of Jesus, the "Second Adam" (Matt.3:13-17; Is.61:1ff)
 1. Unparalleled anointing (Mk.1:11; Is.61:1)
 2. Unparalleled proclamation made about Him by the Father (Mk.1:11)
 5. The temptation of the Second Adam (Matt.4:1)
 1. The first representative (Adam) was tempted and fell which resulted in calamitous consequences
 2. The second Representative (the second Adam) was tempted
 6. The works of the King: Miracles the proof of ultimate Kingship
 1. Introduction
 2. Jesus had the ability to reverse the consequences of the fall
 1. Jesus, on many occasions, and before many witnesses, healed every sick person who was ever brought to Him instantaneously
 2. Jesus, on many occasions, and before many witnesses, cast out demons simply with a word (Mk.1:24; 5:7-8)
 3. Jesus, on at least three occasions raised the dead (Mk.5:35ff; Lk.7:11ff; Jn.11:1-44)
 4. Nature miracles (Mk.4:35ff; 6:30ff, 45ff)
 5. Jesus transformed relationships (vertical and horizontal) (Jn.4; 9; Lk.8:26ff; 19:1ff; Mk.2:1ff)
 6. Jesus was in complete control over all events (Mk.8:31; 9:31-32; 10:33-34; Lk.4:28-30; Jn.18:4-6)
 5. Some critical events surrounding the Easter event
 1. Jesus' triumphal entry into Jerusalem (Zech.9:9; Matt.21:9; Lk.19:37-38)
 2. Jesus' death at the time of the Passover feast (Ex.12:5,7,13; Jn.1:29)
- Conclusion (Is.53; Mk.8:31; 9:31-32; 10:33-34; Acts 2:22-24)**
1. The death and resurrection of the Messiah was predicted in the OT (Is.53)
 2. Jesus Himself openly and repeatedly made reference to this coming death and resurrection (Mk.8:31; 9:31-32; 10:33-34)
 3. Is it not significant that despite the attempts of the authorities to secure the tomb of Jesus and, prove the falsehood of His claims; Jesus rose from the dead.
 4. Listen to Peter at Pentecost (50 days after the death and resurrection of Jesus):